IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method of converting application data to transport data in a power line communication system, the method comprising:

receiving application data in a <u>transport</u> protocol layer from an application in a device through a service access point, the service access point being one of a plurality of service access points of the <u>transport</u> protocol layer;

classifying the application data in the <u>transport</u> protocol layer as internet protocol (IP) based or non-IP based according to the associated service access point after receiving the application data through the service access point;

determining in the <u>transport</u> protocol layer if a connection <u>through a lower protocol layer</u> exists for the application data in response to the classification of the application data;

if a connection exists for the application data, mapping the application data into transport data; and

transmitting the transport data across the power line communication system.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, the method comprising automatically establishing a connection if none exists, comprising:

generating a connection specification based upon the application data and the service access point; and

establishing a connection based upon the connection specification; and mapping the application data into transport data for that connection.

- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein receiving application data from an application further comprises receiving connection-oriented application data from the application.
- 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein receiving application data further comprises:

receiving connectionless application data from the application; and

mapping the connectionless application data into transport data for a power line communication system connection;

wherein the power line communication system is connection-oriented.

- 5. (Cancelled)
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method of transmitting data on a network, the method comprising:

receiving an incoming data packet from an application on a device at one of a plurality of service access points of a <u>first</u> protocol layer;

classifying the data packet in the <u>first</u> protocol layer according to <u>in a classifier associated</u> <u>with</u> the service access point and at least one rule, <u>including:</u>

determining an order of rules associated with the classifier to apply to the data packet using a priority of each of the rules;

applying the rules to the data packet in the order, including when applying a particular rule to the data packet:

for each classification parameter of the rule, comparing a field of the data packet identified by a parameter ID of the classification parameter with a value of the classification parameter; and

if for each classification parameter of the rule, a matching value is found in the data packet, causing the packet to be associated with a connection associated with the rule that is established at an interface between the first protocol layer and a second protocol layer, wherein the second protocol layer is a lower level protocol layer;

routing the packet to the connection; and transmitting the data.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, the method comprising fragmenting the packet into smaller packets as needed based upon the packet size.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 6, the method comprising fragmenting the packet into smaller packets as needed depending upon the bandwidth of the connection.

Docket No. 8371-156 Client Ref. SLA1296 9. (Original) The method of claim 6, classifying the data packet further comprising determining if a connection exists for the packet, and requesting a connection if a connection does not exist.

10. (Cancelled)

11. (Previously presented) A method of classifying data packets in a communication system, the method comprising:

analyzing an incoming data packet according to a plurality of sets of parameters, wherein the sets of parameters analyzed depends upon a type of service access point from which the data packet came, each set of parameters includes a priority, and the sets of parameters are used in analyzing the data packet according to an order of the priorities of the sets of parameters;

if the set of parameters in the data packet match a predefined set of parameters associated with a connection identifier, associating the connection identifier for the predefined set of parameters with the packet.

12. (Cancelled)

- 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, the method comprising transmitting parameters of the data packet to a connection manager if the parameters of the data packet do not match a predefined set of parameters.
- 14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: accessing a classification table for a mapping of the service access point to a connection identifier; and

providing a connection associated with the connection identifier as the connection.

15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: accessing a classification table for a mapping of the service access point and at least one of an IP address, a port number, and a type of service field to the connection identifier; and

providing a connection associated with the connection identifier as the connection.

- 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, further comprising: accessing the classification table for a mapping of the service access point, an IP address, and a port number to the connection identifier.
 - 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: comparing the application data with at least one classifier rule for a match; and providing a connection associated with a matching classifier rule as the connection.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, further comprising: comparing the application data only with classifier rules associated with the service access point.
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein for application data that is audio/visual application data:

comparing the application data to only at least one destination address within the at least one classifier rule.

- 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (New) The method of claim 6, wherein each rule comprises:

the priority associated with the rule;

a connection identifier;

a transport layer port; and

at least one classification parameter, each classification parameter including a parameter ID and a value.

22. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein for each rule associated with audio/visual application data, the rule includes only one classification parameter.

23. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein:

for each rule associated with audio/visual application data, the classification parameter of the rule includes a destination address ID as the parameter ID.

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